GRANT-FUNDED PROPERTY STANDARDS

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OUTLINE

- Definition
- Types of Property
- US Laws

WHAT IS PROPERTY?

DEFINITION

- Property is anything that can be owned by a person or an entity.
 - Example: Land, freezers, books, patents
- The owner may possess, use, transfer, or dispose of the property.
- What are the rules for grant-funded property?

TYPES OF PROPERTY

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Tangible vs. Intangible

Private vs. Public

Real vs. Personal

REAL VS. PERSONAL

- Real Property: Land and items which are immovable by law (like structures or bridges)
- Personal Property: Anything that is not real property.
 - Equipment
 - Supplies
 - Intellectual Property

SUPPLIES VS. EQUIPMENT

Supplies

- Less than the lower of \$5,000 AND the capitalization threshold of the institution
- OR less than one year of life expectancy

Equipment

- More than the lower of \$5000 OR the capitalization threshold of the institutions
- AND at least one year of life expectancy
- At Morgan: The capitalization threshold is \$5,000

TYPES OF EQUIPMENT

- General Purpose Equipment
 - Telephone systems
 - Copiers
 - HVAC

- Specialized Equipment
 - Spectrophotometers
 - Microscopes
 - MRI
- General purpose equipment must be paid for using F&A, whereas specialized purpose equipment may be paid for using direct costs.

UNITED STATES GRANT-FUNDED PROPERTY REGULATIONS

REGULATIONS

- 2 CFR 200, SubPart D
 - •§§ 200.310 200.316
- Property Standards

- § 200.311 Real property.
- § 200.312 Federally-owned and exempt property.
- § 200.313 Equipment.
- § 200.314 Supplies.
- § 200.315 Intangible property.
- § 200.316 Property trust relationship.

INSURANCE

- We must insure them to the level that the institution insures its other property.
- This applies to real property and equipment.
- In addition, if an institution is in a flood zone, there should be a minimum insurance.

USE

- Real property
 - Original purpose only
- Equipment
 - For the original use
 - Must be allocable to the grant during the period of performance, or as long as needed for that project.
 - May be used for other grants too but proportionally paid by them.
- Supplies
 - Allocable to the grant.

CAN WE KEEP THEM AFTER THE AWARD ENDS?

Real property

- Grants: Yes, as long as needed for the original purpose.
- Contracts: It depends.

Equipment

- Grants: Yes.
- Contracts: It depends.

Supplies

- Grants:
 - Up to \$5,000: Yes
 - Over \$5,000: Yes, but preferably spend it on other federal grants
- Contracts:
 - It depends

DISPOSE OF

Real property

- Use after the award ends for the original purpose
- When no longer needed, receive instructions from the federal government how to dispose of.
- Equipment (States follow state guidelines)
 - Grants: Use after the award for the original purpose.
 - When no longer needed. receive instructions from the federal government on how to dispose of.
 - Typically, if below \$5,000, it may be sold or disposed of w/o any questions. If above \$5,000, some money may be due to the agency. the

Supplies

- Grants:
 - Up to \$5,000: Keep it.
 - Over \$5,000: Some money may be due to the agency.
 - If can be used for other federal awards, do so.

DOCUMENTATION

- Documents related to any grants must be kept at least 3 years after the final federal financial report (Final FFR).
- For equipment, this will be at least 3 years after the equipment is disposed of.
- For real property this will be at least 3 years after the real property is disposed of.
- If the State of Maryland is asking for a longer period, we must comply.

QUESTIONS?

