# Forage Species Data Collection & Public Involvement

Caroline Troy Mentor: Dr. Tom Ihde PEARL Internship 2019

## Background

- Forage are small fish or invertebrates that are eaten by predator species
  - Invertebrates are of equal importance as forage as fish species (Ihde et al. 2015)
- Forage species are essential to bay health and support larger species
- There are very few studies of forage species that live in the shallow waters of the Chesapeake and their habitats



Blue Crab



Mummichogs



White Perch



**Grass Shrimp** 

The main objective of this citizen science project is to address this gap in scientific data on forage.

In which habitats and in what compositions in these habitats are forage species living in the Bay?

## Objective

- Collect data about forage species in varied habitats in the park
- Analyze data to look for variations in species composition across different habitats and conditions
- 3. Involve local monitoring groups in the project to expand its reach and educate citizens



Riprap habitat



Marsh habitat



Submerged Aquatic Vegetation (SAV)



Woody debris habitat

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Phragmites habitat



Sand habitat

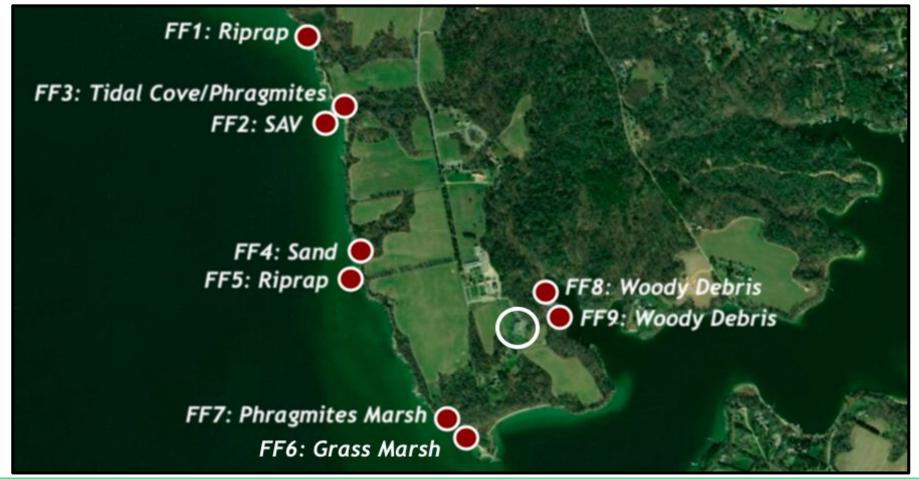


Mud bottom habitat



Bulkhead habitat

## **Sampling: Sites**



# Sampling: Sites



FF7: Phragmites Marsh



FF9: Woody Debris Habitat



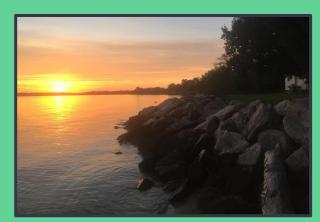
FF2: SAV Habitat



FF4: Sand Habitat



FF8: Woody Debris Habitat



FF1: Riprap Habitat

# Sampling: Water Quality & Weather



Data Sheet Secchi Disk

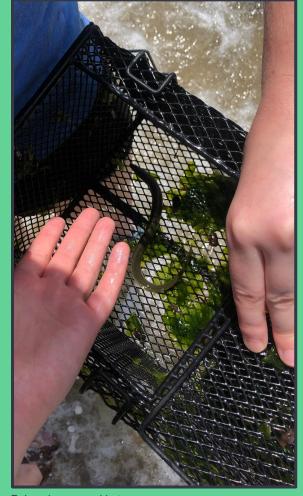
Taking water quality with YSI Handheld

Recording Secchi Depth

# **Sampling: Checking Traps**







Pulling up traps Opening Traps

Eel and seaweed in trap

# Sampling: Recording the Catch





Striped Blenny



Mummichog



Shrimp



American Eel



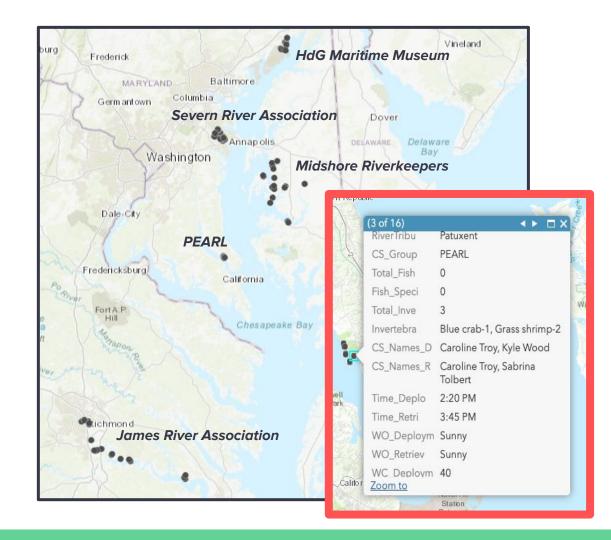
Spotted Seatrout

American Eel

#### **Data Compilation**

Logged around 300
 observations from five
 datasets since project
 start in 2017 into a
 spreadsheet

With help from Kaitlynn
Ritchie, we used the Lat.
& Long. locations to
represent this data on a
GIS map

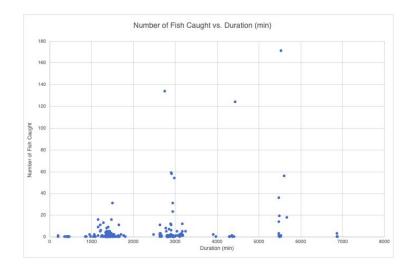


#### Preliminary Data Analysis

- Using both my data, and all the data previously collected, I made graphs of:
  - The number of invertebrates and fish versus:
    - Duration of trap set
    - Water quality parameters
      - Water temperature
      - Salinity
      - Dissolved oxygen
      - % Water clarity
    - Habitat type
    - Time

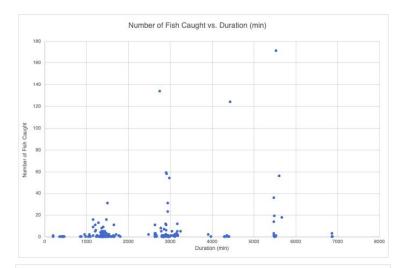
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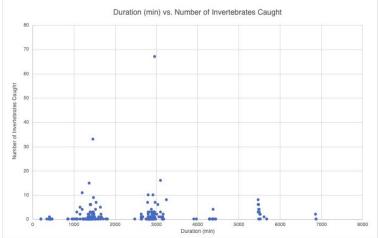
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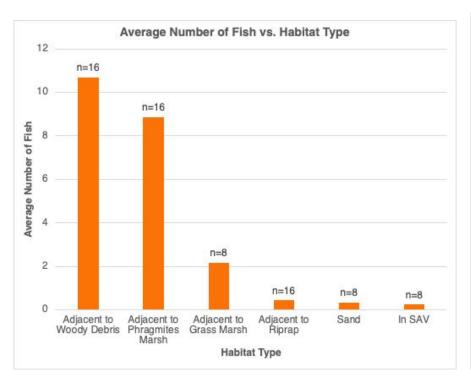
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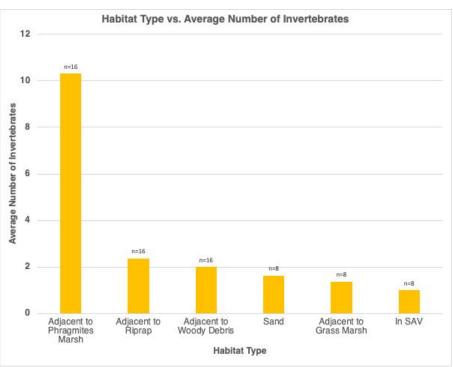
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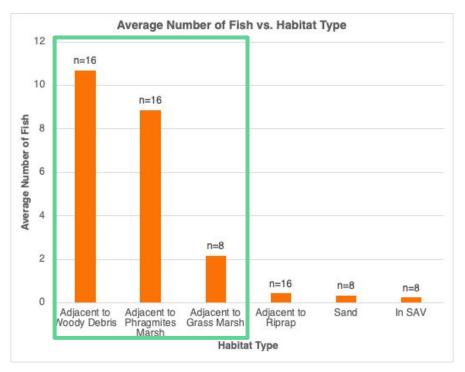


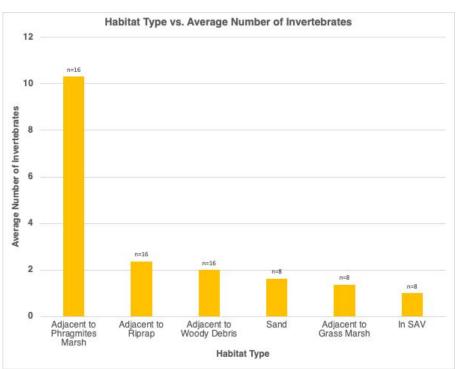
#### Site Catches





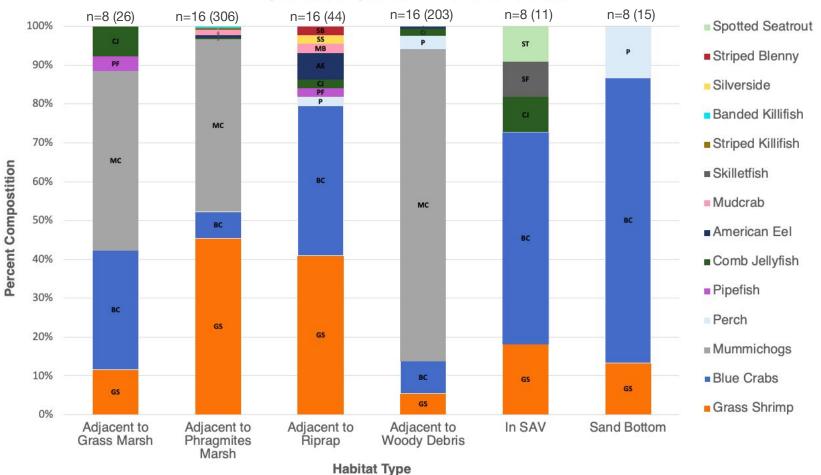
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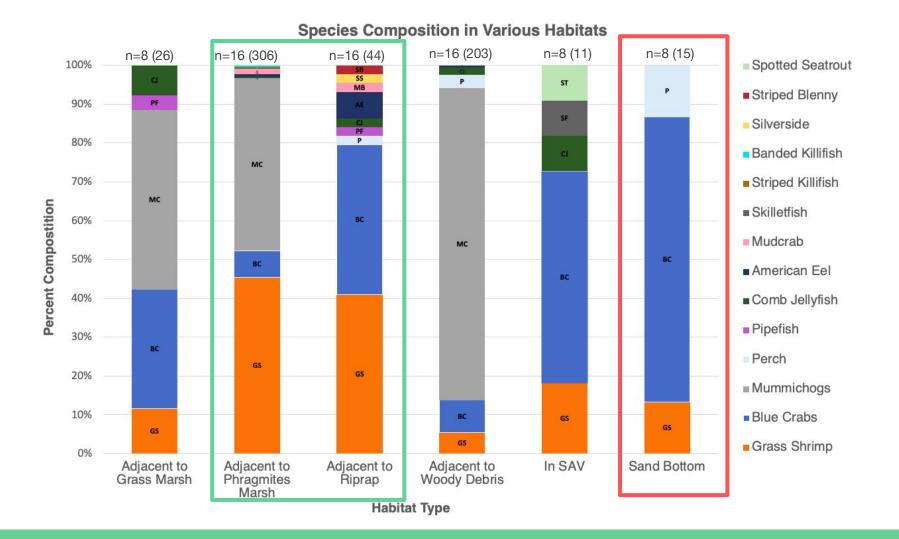
Crum et al. 2016

#### **Species Composition in Various Habitats**



**Species Composition in Various Habitats** n=16 (203) n=8 (11) n=8 (15) n=8 (26) n=16 (306) n=16 (44) 100% Spotted Seatrout SS CJ ST MB Striped Blenny 90% AE SF CJ PF Silverside 80% Banded Killifish MC 70% Striped Killifish MC Percent Compostition ■ Skilletfish 60% Mudcrab MC 50% BC BC ■ American Eel BC 40% ■ Comb Jellyfish Pipefish 30% BC Perch GS 20% GS ■ Mummichogs 10% ■ Blue Crabs BC GS GS GS GS Grass Shrimp 0% Adjacent to Adjacent to Adjacent to Adjacent to In SAV Sand Bottom Grass Marsh Phragmites Ŕiprap Woody Debris Marsh **Habitat Type** 

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#### Citizen Scientist Involvement

- Reached out to three Maryland river groups
  - Severn River Association
  - Magothy River Association
  - Friends of St. Leonard Creek







#### Goals for the Future

- Work with more Chesapeake groups
- Apply for grants to purchase more materials to give to groups
- Complete more extensive analysis
  - Duration
  - Determine effects from water quality or season
  - Break data down by species
- Use results to inform fishery managers, inform policy, and protect essential habitat



# **Acknowledgments**

#### Many thanks to:

- Jefferson Patterson Park
  - Director Rachelle Green
- Our community partners:
  - Severn River Association
  - Magothy River Association
  - Friends of St. Leonard Creek
  - James River Association
- My mentor: Dr. Tom Ihde
- Richard Lacouture
- Kaitlynn Ritchie
- Dr. Scott Knoche
- The interns who set traps with me:
  - Kyle Wood
  - Sabrina Tolbert
  - Kat Neilson
- And everyone else at PEARL!





